

Appln No. 09/819,049

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Amendments to the Claims:

This listing of claims will replace all prior versions, and listings, of claims in the application:

Listing of Claims:

1 - 74 Canceled

75 [[82]]. (Currently amended) In combination for operating upon analog signals transmitted through a co-axial cable using quadrature amplitude modulated data to recover the quadrature amplitude modulated data and distortions in the co-axial cable,

first means for converting the analog signals to corresponding digital signals,

second means for operating upon the digital signals to provide a pair of the digital signals, one of the digital signals in the pair having a quadrature phase relationship to the other of the digital signals in the pair,

third means for derotating the digital signals in the pair,

fourth means for equalizing the derotated digital signals from the third means, and

fifth means responsive to the derotated digital signals from the third means and the equalized digital signals from the fourth means for providing for the recovery in the digital form of the quadrature amplitude modulated data in the cable.

76 [[83]]. (Currently amended) In a combination as set forth in claim 75 [[82]],

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the fifth means including sixth means responsive to the derotated digital signals from the third means and the equalized signals from the fourth means for providing a servo feedback to the second means to adjust the phases of the digital signals from the second means for facilitating the recovery in digital form of the quadrature amplitude modulated data in the co-axial cable.

77 [[84]]. (Currently amended) In a combination as set forth in claim 75 [[82]],

the quadrature amplitude modulated signals in the cable having a particular baud rate,

the first means being operative to produce the digital signals at a rate related to the particular baud rate, and

sixth means responsive to the derotated digital signals from the third means and the equalized digital signals from the fourth means for maintaining the production of the digital signals at the baud rate related to the particular baud rate.

78 [[85]]. (Currently amended) In combination for operating upon analog signals transmitted through a co-axial cable using quadrature amplitude modulated data to recover the quadrature amplitude modulated data from noise and distortions in the co-axial cable,

first means for converting the analog signals to digital signals,

second means for operating upon the digital signals to provide a pair of the digital signals, one of the digital

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signals in the pair having a quadrature phase relationship with the other of the digital signals in the pair,

third means for adjusting the phases of the digital signals in the pair to conform to the phases of the quadrature amplitude modulated signals in the co-axial cable,

fourth means responsive to the signals from the third means for locking the phases of the digital signals from the third means to the phases of the quadrature amplitude modulated signals in the co-axial cable, and

fifth means for providing approximations in the amplitudes of the digital signals in the pair to obtain a selection of an individual one of a plurality of signals having binary values closest to the approximation in the amplitudes of the digital signals in the pair.

79 [[86]]. (Currently amended) In a combination as set forth in claim 78 [[85]],

the quadrature amplitude modulated signals in the cable having a particular baud rate,

the first means being operative to produce the digital signals at a baud rate related to the particular baud rate, and

sixth means responsive to the signals from the third means and the signals from the fifth means for maintaining the production of the digital signals at the rate related to the particular baud rate.

80 [[87]]. (Currently amended) In a combination as set forth in claim 78 [[85]],

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sixth means responsive to the digital signals from the first means for regulating the gain of the analog signals in the first means.

81 [[88]]. (Currently amended) In a combination for operating upon analog signals transmitted through a co-axial cable using quadrature amplitude modulated data to recover the quadrature amplitude modulated data from noise and distortion in the co-axial cable,

first means for converting the analog signals to corresponding digital signals,

second means for operating upon the digital signals to provide a pair of the digital signals, one of the digital signals in the pair having a quadrature phase relationship with the other of the digital signals in the pair,

third means for adjusting the phases of the digital signals in the pair to conform the phases of such digital signals to the phases of the quadrature amplitude modulated signals in the co-axial cable,

the third means including fourth means for derotating the phases of the digital signals in the pair and including fifth means for providing a feed forward equalization of the derotated digital signals in the pair and including sixth means for providing a decision feedback equalization of the signals from the fifth means and including a pair of slicers each operable on an individual one of the digital signals from the fourth means and an individual one of the digital signals from the fifth means to slice the digital signals into the closest of a number of binary values.

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82 [[89]]. (Currently amended) In a combination as recited in claim 81 [[88]],

the analog signals in the co-axial cable being provided at a variable carrier frequency,

seventh means responsive to the analog signals at the variable carrier frequency for producing analog signals at an intermediate frequency,

the first means being operative on the analog signals at the intermediate frequency to convert such analog signals to the digital signals,

the third means including a servo responsive to the derotated digital signals from the fourth means and the digital signals from the slicers for maintaining the intermediate frequency signals at a particular frequency regardless of the variations in the frequency of the carrier signals.

83 [[90]]. (Currently amended) In a combination as set forth in claim 81 [[88]],

the analog signals in the co-axial cable being provided at a particular baud rate,

the third means including a servo responsive to the derotated digital signals from the third means and the digital signals from the slicers for providing for the production of the digital signals at a rate related to the particular baud rate.

84 [[91]]. (Currently amended) In a combination as set forth in claim 80 [[87]],

the third means including a servo responsive to the derotated digital signals from the third means and the digital

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signals from the slicers for maintaining a particular phase relationship between the quadrature amplitude modulated signals in the co-axial cable and the derotated digital signals from the fourth means.

85 [[92]]. (Currently amended) In combination for operating upon analog signals transmitted through a co-axial cable using quadrature amplitude modulated data at a particular baud rate to recover the quadrature amplitude modulated signals from noise and distortion in the co-axial cable,

first means for converting the analog signals to digital signals at a variable rate,

second means for operating upon the digital signals to provide a pair of the digital signals, one of the digital signals in the pair having a quadrature phase relationship with the other of the digital signals in the pair,

third means for adjusting the phases of the digital signals in the pair to conform to the phases of the quadrature amplitude modulated signals in the co-axial cable,

fourth means responsive to the signals from the third means for providing a first closed loop servo with the third means to obtain an adjustment in the operation of the first means to a rate having a particular relationship to the particular baud rate, and

fifth means including a feed forward equalizer and a decision feedback equalizer operative in a closed loop for providing an equalization in the digital signals in the pair from the third means.

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86 [[93]]. (Currently amended) In a combination as set forth in claim 85 [[92]],

sixth means responsive to the signals from the third means for providing a second closed loop servo with the third means for locking the phases of the pair of the digital signals from the third means to the phases of the quadrature amplitude modulated signals in the co-axial cable.

87 [[94]]. (Currently amended) In a combination as set forth in claim 85 [[92]] wherein

the feed forward equalizer is a first feed forward equalizer and the decision feedback equalizer is a first decision feedback equalizer and

wherein the fifth means includes a second feed forward equalizer and a second decision feedback equalizer and wherein

the first and second feed forward equalizers and the first and second decision feedback equalizers are connected in a symmetrical relationship in the closed loop for providing an equalization in the digital signals in the pair from the second means.

88 [[95]]. (Currently amended) In combination for operating upon analog signals transmitted through a co-axial cable using quadrature amplitude modulated data to recover the quadrature amplitude modulated data from noise and distortion in the co-axial cable,

first means for converting the analog signals to digital signals,

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second means for operating upon the digital signals to provide a pair of digital signals, one of the digital signals in the pair having a quadrature phase relationship with the other of the digital signals in the pair;

third means for adjusting the phases of the digital signals in the pair to conform to the phases of the quadrature amplitude modulated signals in the co-axial cable,

fourth means responsive to the signals from the third means for providing a closed loop servo with the third means for locking the phases of the pair of the digital signals from the third means to the phases of the quadrature amplitude modulated signals in the co-axial cable, and

fifth means including a feed forward equalizer and a decision feedback equalizer, the fifth means being operative in a closed loop for providing an equalization in the digital signals in the pair from the second means.

89 [[96]]. (Currently amended) In a combination as set forth in claim 88 [[95]], wherein,

the feed forward equalizer is a first feed forward equalizer and the decision feedback equalizer is a first decision feedback equalizer and wherein the fifth means includes a second feed forward equalizer and a second decision feedback equalizer and wherein the first and second feed forward equalizers and the first and second decision feedback equalizer, are connected in a symmetrical relationship in the closed loop for providing an equalization in the digital signals in the pair from the third means.

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90 [[97]]. (Currently amended) In combination for operating upon analog signals transmitted through a co-axial cable using quadrature amplitude modulated data at a particular baud rate to recover the quadrature amplitude modulated from noise and distortion in the co-axial cable,

first means for converting the analog signals to digital signals at a variable rate,

second means for operating upon the digital signals to provide a pair of the digital signals, one of the digital signals in the pair having a quadrature phase relationship with the other of the digital signals in the pair,

third means for adjusting the phases of the digital signals in the pair to conform to the phases of the quadrature amplitude modulated signals in the co-axial cable,

fourth means responsive to the signals from the third means for providing a first closed loop servo with the third means for adjusting the operation of the first means to a rate having a particular relationship to the particular baud rate, and

fifth means responsive to the signals from the third means for providing a second closed loop servo with the third means for locking the phases of the pair of the digital signals from the third means to the phases of the quadrature amplitude modulated signals in the co-axial cable.

91 [[98]]. (Currently amended) In combination for operating upon analog signals transmitted through a co-axial cable using quadrature amplitude modulated data to recover the quadrature amplitude modulated data from noise and distortion in the co-axial cable,

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first means for converting the analog signals in the co-axial cable to corresponding digital signals,

second means for operating upon the digital signals to provide a pair of the digital signals, one of the digital signals in the pair having a quadrature phase relationship with the other of the digital signals in the pair,

third means for adjusting the phases of the digital signals in the pair to conform to the phases of the quadrature amplitude modulated data in the co-axial lines,

the third means including a derotator and a feed forward equalizer and a decision feedback equalizer and means for combining the outputs of the feed forward equalizer and the decision feedback equalizer to obtain resultant outputs and including means for slicing the resultant outputs to obtain the quadrature amplitude data free from the noise and distortion in the co-axial cable, and

fourth means responsive to the outputs of the derotator and the slicing means for providing for the production of the digital signals at a particular baud rate.

92 [[99]]. (Currently amended) In a combination as set forth in claim 91 [[98]],

the analog signals being provided at a variable carrier frequency,

an oscillator for providing signals having a variable frequency, and

means responsive to the outputs of the derotator and the slicing means for varying the frequency of the oscillator to provide, upon a mixing of the signals at the variable carrier

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frequency and the oscillator signals, intermediate frequency signals having a particular frequency,

the first means being responsive to the intermediate frequency signals at the particular frequency to produce the digital signals.

93 [[100]]. (Currently amended) In combination for operating upon analog signals transmitted through a co-axial cable using quadrature amplitude modulated data to recover the quadrature amplitude modulated data from noise and distortion in the co-axial cable,

first means for converting the analog signals to digital signals,

second means for operating upon the digital signals to provide a pair of the digital signals, one of the digital signals in the pair having a quadrature phase relationship with the other of the digital signals in the pair,

third means for adjusting the phases of the digital signals in the pair to conform to the phases of the quadrature amplitude modulated data in the co-axial line,

the third means including a derotator and a feed forward equalizer and a decision feedback equalizer and means for combining the outputs of the feed forward equalizer and the decision feedback equalizer to obtain resultant outputs and including means for slicing the resultant outputs to obtain the quadrature amplitude modulated data free from the noise and distortion in the co-axial cable,

the quadrature amplitude modulated signals in the co-axial cable having a variable frequency,

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an oscillator having a variable frequency, and
means responsive to the outputs of the derotator and the
slicing means for varying the frequency of the oscillator
signals to provide, upon a mixing of the signals at the variable
frequency and the oscillator signals, intermediate frequency
signals having a particular frequency,

the first means being responsive to the intermediate
frequency signals at the particular frequency to produce the
digital signals.

94 [[101]]. (Currently amended) In combination for
operating upon analog signals transmitted through a co-axial
cable using quadrature amplitude modulated data to recover the
quadrature amplitude modulated data from noise and distortion in
the co-axial cable,

first means for converting the analog signals to digital
signals,

second means for operating upon the digital signals to
provide a pair of the digital signals, one of the digital
signals in the pair having a quadrature phase relationship with
the other of the digital signals in the pair,

third means for adjusting the phases of the digital signals
in the pair to conform to the phases of the quadrature amplitude
modulated signals in the co-axial cable,

the third means including fourth means for derotating the
phases of the digital signals in the pair and including fifth
means for providing a feed forward equalization of the derotated
signals in the pair and including sixth means for providing a
decision feedback equalization of the signals from the fifth

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means and including seventh means for adding the signals from the fifth means and the sixth means to provide resultant signals and including eighth means responsive to the resultant signals for slicing the resultant signals to provide quadrature amplitude modulated signals conforming to the phases of the quadrature amplitude modulated signals in the co-axial cable and free from the noise and distortion in the co-axial cable.

95 [[102]]. (Currently amended) A method of operating upon analog signals transmitted through a co-axial cable using quadrature amplitude modulated data to recover the quadrature amplitude modulated data ~~date~~ from noise and distortions in the co-axial cable, including the steps of:

converting the analog signals to digital signals,

operating upon the digital signals to provide a pair of the digital signals, one of the digital signals in the pair having a quadrature relationship to the other digital signal in the pair,

adjusting the phases of the digital signals in the pair to conform these phases to the phases of the quadrature amplitude modulated signals in the cable,

the analog signals having a gain,

using the digital signals with the conformed phases to adjust the gain of the analog signals to a particular value.

96 [[103]]. (Currently amended) A method as set forth in claim 95 [[102]], including the step of:

the quadrature amplitude modulated signals in the cable having a particular baud rate, and

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using the digital signals with the conformed phases to adjust the baud rate of the digital signals so that the baud rate of the digital signals is at the particular rate.

97 [[104]]. (Currently amended) A method as set forth in claim 95 [[102]], including the steps of:

converting the analog signals to analog signals at an intermediate frequency before the conversion of the analog signals to the digital signals, and

using the digital signals with the conformed phases to regulate the intermediate frequency of the analog signals at the particular value.

98 [[105]]. (Currently amended) A method as set forth in claim 95 [[102]] wherein

the step of adjusting the phases of the digital signals in the pair include the step of providing a feed forward equalizer and a decision feedback equalizer and the step of introducing the digital signals in the pair to the feed forward equalizer and of providing an output from the feed forward equalizer to the decision feedback equalizer and of feeding the output from the decision feedback equalizer back to the feed forward equalizer.

99 [[106]]. (Currently amended) In a combination as set forth in claim 98 [[105]],

the quadrature amplitude modulated signals in the cable having a particular baud rate, and

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using the digital signals with the conformed phases to adjust the baud rate of the digital signals so that the baud rate of the digital signals is at the particular rate,

converting the analog signals to analog signals at an intermediate frequency before the conversion of the analog signals to the digital signals, and

using the digital signals with the conformed phases to regulate the intermediate frequency of the analog signals at the particular value.

100 [[107]]. (Currently amended) A method of operating upon analog signals transmitted through a co-axial cable using quadrature amplitude modulated data to recover the quadrature amplitude modulated data from noise and distortions in the co-axial cable, including the steps of:

converting the analog signals to digital signals,

operating upon the digital signals to provide a pair of the digital signals, one of the digital signals in the pair having a quadrature relationship to the other digital signal in the pair,

adjusting the phases of the digital signals in the pair to conform these phases to the phases of the quadrature amplitude modulated signals in the cable,

the quadrature amplitude modulated signals in the cable having a particular baud rate, and

adjusting the baud rate of the digital signals in the pair in accordance with the conformed phases of the digital signals in the pair to have the baud rate of the digital signals correspond to the baud rate of the quadrature amplitude modulated signals in the cable.

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101 [[108]]. (Currently amended) A method as set forth in claim 100 [[107]], including the steps of:

converting the analog signals to analog signals at an intermediate frequency before the conversion of the analog signals to digital signals, and

using the digital signals with the conformed phases to regulate the intermediate frequency of the analog signals at a particular value.

102 [[109]]. (Currently amended) A method as set forth in claim 99 [[106]] wherein

the step of adjusting the phases of the digital signals includes the step of providing a pair of feed forward equalizers and a pair of decision feedback equalizers in a symmetrical relationship.

103 [[110]]. (Currently amended) A method as set forth in claim 100 [[107]] wherein

a pair of feed forward equalizers and a pair of decision feedback equalizers and a pair of slicers are provided to adjust the phases of the digital signals in the pair to conform the digital signals in the pair to the phases of the quadrature amplitude modulated signals and wherein one of the feed forward equalizers, one of the decision feedback equalizers and one of the slicers is operative on one of the digital signals in the pair and the other of the feed forward equalizers, the other of the decision feedback equalizers and the other of the slicers is operative on the other of the digital signals in the pair.

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104 [[[111]]]. (Currently amended) A method of operating upon analog signals transmitted through a co-axial cable using quadrature amplitude modulated data to recover the quadrature amplitude modulated data from noise and distortions in the co-axial cable, including the steps of:

converting the analog signals to analog signals at a particular intermediate frequency,

converting the analog signals at the particular intermediate frequency to digital signals,

operating upon the digital signals to provide a pair of the digital signals, one of the digital signals in the pair having a quadrature relationship to the other digital signal in the pair,

adjusting the phases of the digital signals in the pair to conform these phases to the phases of the quadrature amplitude modulated signals in the cable, and

using the digital signals with the conformed phases to maintain the intermediate frequency at the particular value.

105 [[[112]]]. (Currently amended) A method as set forth in claim 104 [[[111]]], including the steps of:

providing feed forward equalizers and decision feedback equalizers,

introducing the digital signals in the pair to the feed forward equalizers and the decision feedback equalizers and combining the outputs of the feed forward equalizers and the decision feedback equalizers to produce resultant signals,

slicing the resultant signals to obtain the quadrature amplitude data free from noise and distortions.

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106 [[[113]]]. (Currently amended) A method of operating upon analog signals transmitted through a co-axial cable using quadrature amplitude modulated data to recover the quadrature amplitude modulated data from noise and distortions in the co-axial cable, including the steps of:

converting the analog signals to digital signals,

operating upon the digital signals to provide a pair of the digital signals, one of the digital signals in the pair having a quadrature relationship to the other digital signal in the pair,

adjusting the phases of the digital signals in the pair to conform these phases to the phases of the quadrature amplitude modulated signals in the cable, and

introducing the phase-adjusted digital signals to feed forward equalizers and decision feedback equalizers and slicers, each operative on an individual one of the digital signals in the pair, to obtain a slicing of the digital signals into the closest of a number of binary values.

107 [[[114]]]. (Currently amended) A method as set forth in claim 106 [[[113]]] wherein

the feed forward equalizers and the decision feedback equalizers provide a symmetrical operation on the digital signals in the pair to obtain the slicing of the digital signals into the closest of the number of the binary values.

108 [[[115]]]. (Currently amended) A method of operating upon analog signals transmitted through a co-axial cable providing quadrature amplitude modulated data to recover the

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quadrature amplitude modulated data from noise and distortions in the co-axial cable, including the steps of:

converting the analog signals to digital signals at a particular rate,

multiplying the digital signals with trigonometric signals to provide the digital signals with a quadrature phase relationship,

derotating the digital signals with the quadrature phase relationship,

operating upon the derotated digital signals to recover the amplitude modulated data from the noise and distortions in the co-axial cable,

operating upon the derotated digital signals and the recovered amplitude modulated data to produce error signals, and

adjusting the rate of the conversion of the analog signals to the digital signals in response to the error signals to regulate the conversion of the analog signals to the digital signals at the particular rate.

109 [[116]]. (Currently amended) A method as set forth in claim 108 [[115]], including the step of:

adjusting the gain of the analog signals, before the conversion of the analog signals to the digital signals, in response to the error signals to regulate the gain of the analog signals at a particular value.

110 [[117]]. (Currently amended) A method as set forth in claim 108 [[115]], including the step of:

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converting the frequency of the analog signals to an intermediate value before the conversion of the analog signals to digital signals, and

adjusting the value of the intermediate frequency in response to the error signals to regulate the intermediate frequency at a particular value.

111 ~~[[118]]~~. (Currently amended) In combination for operating upon analog signals transmitted through a co-axial cable providing quadrature amplitude modulated data to recover the quadrature amplitude modulated data from noise and distortions in the co-axial cable,

first means for converting the analog signals to digital signals,

second means for operating upon the digital signals to provide the digital signals with a quadrature phase relationship,

third means for derotating the digital signals passed by the second means,

fourth means responsive to the derotated digital signals for recovering, in digital form, the quadrature amplitude modulated data,

the third means including fifth means for multiplying the output from the first means by trigonometric signals in a quadrature phase relationship to provide for a recovery in digital form of the quadrature amplitude modulated data from the noise and distortions in the co-axial cable,

sixth means responsive to the derotated digital signals for producing error signals, and

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seventh means responsive to the error signals from the sixth means for regulating the rate at which the first means converts the analog signals to the digital signals.

112 [[119]]. (Currently amended) In a combination as set forth in claim 111 [[118]] wherein

eighth means are responsive to the error signals from the sixth means for regulating the gain of the analog signals before the conversion of the analog signals to the digital signals.

113 [[120]]. (Currently amended) In a combination as set forth in claim 111 [[118]], including,

eighth means for converting the analog signals to analog signals at an intermediate frequency before the conversion of the analog signals to the digital signals, and

ninth means responsive to the error signals from the sixth means for regulating the analog signals at the intermediate frequency to maintain the intermediate frequency at a particular value.

114 [[121]]. (Currently amended) In a combination as set forth in claim 111 [[118]], including,

the analog signals having amplitude modulations,

the fourth means including equalizers and slicers responsive to the derotated digital signals for slicing the derotated digital signals to provide amplitudes indicating the data represented by the amplitude modulations.

115 [[122]]. (Currently amended) In a combination as set forth in claim 111 [[118]], including,

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the fourth means including feed forward equalizers and decision feedback equalizers and slicers each operative on an individual one of the digital signals in the pair to obtain a slicing of the digital signals into the closest of a number of binary values.

116 [[123]]. (Currently amended) In combination for operating upon analog signals transmitted through a co-axial cable providing quadrature amplitude modulated data to recover the quadrature amplitude modulated data from noise and distortions in the co-axial cable,

first means for converting the analog signals to digital signals,

second means for operating upon the digital signals to provide the digital signals with a quadrature phase relationship,

third means for derotating the digital signals from the second means,

fourth means responsive to the derotated digital signals for recovering, in digital form, the quadrature amplitude modulated data,

the second means including fifth means for multiplying the output from the first means by trigonometric signals in a quadrature phase relationship to provide for the recovery in digital form by the fourth means of the quadrature amplitude modulated data from the noise and distortions in the co-axial cable,

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sixth means responsive to the derotated digital signals and the recovery in digital form of the quadrature amplitude modulated data for producing error signals, and

seventh means responsive to the error signals from the sixth means for regulating the gain of the amplitude modulated signals before the conversion of the analog signals to the digital signals.

117 [[124]]. (Currently amended) In a combination as set forth in claim 116 [[123]],

eighth means responsive to the error signals from the sixth means for regulating the rate of conversion of the analog signals to the digital signals to maintain the rate of conversion at a particular value.

118 [[125]]. (Currently amended) In a combination as set forth in claim 116 [[123]],

eighth means for converting the analog signals to an intermediate frequency before the conversion of the analog signals to the digital signals, and

ninth means responsive to the error signals for operating upon the eighth means to regulate the analog signals at the intermediate frequency to maintain the intermediate frequency at a particular value.

119 [[126]]. (Currently amended) In combination for operating upon analog signals transmitted through a co-axial cable using quadrature amplitude modulated data to recover the quadrature amplitude modulated data from noise and distortions in the co-axial cable,

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first means for converting the analog signals to digital signals,

second means for operating upon the digital signals to provide a pair of the digital signals, one of the digital signals in the pair having a quadrature phase relationship with the other of the digital signals in the pair,

third means for adjusting the phases of the digital signals in the pair to conform these phases to the phases of the quadrature amplitude modulated signals in the co-axial cable,

fourth means responsive to the signals from the third means for locking the phases of the digital signals from the third means to the phases of the digital signals from the quadrature amplitude modulated signals in the co-axial cable,

the third means including feed forward equalizers and decision feedback equalizers connected to the feed forward equalizers in a symmetrical relationship, the feed forward equalizers and the decision feedback equalizers being responsive to the phases of the digital signals in the pair to adjust the phases of the digital signals in the pair to conform these phases to the phases of the quadrature amplitude modulated signals in the co-axial cable.

120 [[127]]. (Currently amended) In combination for operating upon analog signals transmitted through a co-axial cable using quadrature amplitude data to recover the quadrature amplitude modulated data from noise and distortions in the co-axial cable,

first means for converting the analog signals to digital signals,

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second means for operating upon the digital signals to provide a pair of the digital signals, one of the digital signals in the pair having a quadrature phase relationship with the other of the digital signals in the pair,

third means for adjusting the phases of the digital signals in the pair to conform to the phases of the quadrature amplitude modulated signals in the co-axial cable, and

fourth means responsive to the signals from the third means for locking the phases of the digital signals from the third means to the phases of the digital signals from the quadrature modulated signals in the co-axial cable,

the third means including feed forward equalizers connected to the second means and decision feedback equalizers connected to the feed forward equalizers in a feedback relationship with the feed forward equalizers.